Richards Middle School 2025 Summer Math Packet for Rising 6th Students

Directions:

You MUST SHOW ALL WORK in order to receive credit.

No work shown will earn you a grade of zero.

<u>Neatly</u> show your work and circle your answers. If there is not enough room to show your work, use notebook paper. Neatly organize and number your problems. Circle your answers!

Due Date:

Monday, August 8, 2025

No late work will be accepted. You can turn in your Math packet early. Start off your 6th grade year right... get this done and turned in on time!

FAQ:

Will these be graded?

Yes, these packets will be graded. Do your best. In addition, you will be tested over all the material on the Summer Math Packet.

What if I don't know how to do something?

Read through the hints/guides/examples on each page before you do the problems. You may also get help from others if you need it.

What do you mean by "help"?

Help means help, <u>not</u> copying answers from a friend, website or app.

Why do we have to do a Summer math packet?

Because it is an excellent review of important math concepts, and great preparation for Enhanced Algebra.

What if I don't do this packet?

You will get a zero. Zeros are bad. Do your packet.

Multiplying Whole Numbers

- 1. Write the problem vertically
- 2. Multiply the ones digit of the bottom number by each of the digits in the top number, right to left
- Bring down a zero and then multiply the tens digit of the bottom number by each digit in the top number, right to left
- 4. Bring down two zeros and repeat with the hundreds digit of the bottom number
- 5. Add up all of the products

ex: 3,481 x 142

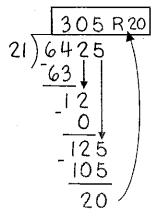
+ 139240

494,302

Dividing Whole Numbers

- Write out the long division problem with the first number (dividend) underneath the division symbol and the second number (divisor) to the left of the division symbol
- 2. Divide the divisor into the smallest part of the dividend it can go into and write the number of times it can go in on top of the division symbol
- 3. Multiply the number on top by the divisor and write the product under the number you divided into in step 2
- 4. Subtract your product from the number above it
- 5. Bring down the next digit of the dividend
- 6. Repeat steps 2-5 until there is nothing left to bring down.
- 7. If your last subtraction answer is not zero, write the remainder on top

ex: 6,425 ÷ 21



Find each product. Show your work.

1. 238 × 5	2. 832 × 156	3. 4,899 x 67	4. 756 x 300	
				١
			,	
5. 19 x 863	6. 188 x 732	7. 3,249 x 173	8. 609 x 840	

Find each quotient. Show your work.

4. 876 ÷ 2		11 20/ 10/1	10 ° du . 115	
4. 0/0 ÷ Z	10. 9,473 ÷ 5	II. 396 ÷ 24	12. 8,9 11 ÷ 45	
		·		
				-
	· ·			
13. 700 ÷ 12	14. 1,065 ÷ 15	15. 2,737 ÷ 305	16. 4,516 ÷ 22	
			_	_

Solve each problem, showing all work.

17. Mrs. Kleim bought 5 boxes of 15 pencils to give to
her students. If she has 26 students in her class,
how many pencils can she give each student? How
many pencils will she have left over?

18. Sarah and her 3 friends split a bag of candy evenly. They each ate 13 pieces of candy and there were 2 pieces leftover. How many pieces of candy were originally in the bag?

Rounding with Whole Numbers & Decimals

					•	.		
ten-thousands	thousands	hundreds	tens	ones		tenths	hundredths	thousandths

- I. Keep all digits to the left of the place you are rounding the same
- 2. If the digit to the right of the rounding digit is less than 5, keep the rounding digit the same. If it's 5 or greater, increase the rounding digit by 1.
- 3. Change all places to the right of the digit you are rounding to 0. (Trailing zeros after the decimal are unnecessary)

ex: round 52.943 to the nearest tenth

less than 5, so the 9 stays

52.900

don't need trailing zeros after the decimal

52.9

Word Form € Expanded Form

- I. <u>Word Form</u>: write the whole number in word form, translate the decimal to "and", & write the decimal as if it were a whole number, followed by the name of the place of the last digit
- 2. Expanded Form: write the value of each non-zero digit separately, with addition signs between them

ex: 209.315

two hundred nine and three hundred fifteen thousandths

200 + 9 + 0.3 + 0.01 + 0.005

Comparing & Ordering Decimals

- 1. Compare the whole number portions of the numbers. If they are different write > for greater than or < for less than.
- 2. If the whole numbers are the same, compare each digit to the right of the decimal point, one at a time until you find digits that are different. (If necessary, add zeros at the end of a decimal.)

13 = 13

13.7 = 13.7

13.70 < 13.74

So, 13.702 < 13.74

Round the number	21,498.2536 to the neares	st indicated place.	
19. tenth	20. hundred	21. thousandth	22, one
•	·	·	
23. thousand	24. hundredth	25. ten	26. ten-thousand
W-100			
Complete the char	t below.		
Standard Form	Expanded Form		Word Form
3.962	7.	28.	•
4.	100 + 2 + 0.09	30.	
37	2.	Five thousa twelve hund	and six hundred eighty-five and dredths
8,770.006	3.	34.	
5.	900 + 10 + 4 + 0.3 + 0.02	36. + 0.008	
7. 38	3.	Two thousa	nd nine and thirty-five thousandths
Compare each pail	r of numbers by writing <,	>, or = in the provided	circle.
0.046 0.13	9.52 90.13	41. 24.13 24	·.130 42. 15.96 15.906
43.	6.83 6.825	45. 7.256 7.	24 46. 32.9 3.290
Order the number	s from least to greatest.	I	
47. 6.86, 6.8, 7, 6.		48. 12.03, 1.2, 12.3,	1.203, 12.301

Adding & Subtracting Decimals

I. Write the problem vertically, lining up the decimal points

ex: 12.8 - 1.52

2. Add zeros, if necessary

3. Add or subtract the numbers as if they were whole numbers

12.80

4. Bring the decimal point straight down

Multiplying Decimals

I. Write the problem vertically with the numbers lined up to the right (decimals do NOT need to be lined up)

2. Ignore the decimal points and multiply the numbers as if they were whole numbers

 Count the total number of decimal places in the two factors and put a decimal point in the product so that it has that same number of decimal places

Dividing Decimals

- I. Write the dividend under the division symbol and the divisor in front of the division symbol
- 2. Move the decimal in the divisor after the number and then move the decimal in the dividend the same number of places and bring it up
- 3. Ignore the decimal point and divide as if whole numbers
- 4. If there is a remainder, add a zero to the end of the dividend, bring it down, and then continue dividing until there is no remainder

Find each sum or difference. Show your work.

49. 8.74 + 10.36	50. 37.4 – 8.55	51. 12.9 + 105.67	52. 450.89 - 213.33
		(00.07 - 10.00	7.4.4.7.111.04
53. 24.1 + 3.74	54. 14.76 - 9.8	55. 622.85 + 53.49	56. 67 – 14.06
			·

Find each product or quotient. Show your work.

57. 4.5 x 6	58. 144.8 ÷ 4	59. 2.7 x 0.8	60. 6.2 ÷ 0.04
	: 		
	,		
	•		
6i. 8.9 x 2.5	62. 15.8 ÷ 0.5	63. 14.8 × 0.12	64. 16.2 ÷ 1.2
01. 07. A L.O	V2. 10.0 1 0.0	VIII NONE	
	i		
·			

Solve each problem, showing all work.

65. Ryan spent \$3.25 on lunch every day, Monday through Friday. If he had \$20 at the start of the week, how much money did he have left after Friday?

66. Three friends went out to lunch. The bill came to \$47.31. If they split the bill evenly, how much money does each friend owe?

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Adding & Subtracting Fractions

- I. Rename the fractions to equivalent fractions with common denominators
- ex: $4\frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{3}$
- 2. Add or subtract the numerators and keep the denominator the same
- 3. If mixed numbers, add or subtract the whole numbers

 $4 \quad \frac{10}{q} = \boxed{5 \frac{1}{q}}$

4. If possible, simplify the answer ε change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Multiplying Fractions

- I. Turn a whole number into a fraction by giving it a denominator of I
- ex: $6 \times \frac{2}{3}$

2. Cross-simplify the fractions if possible

 $\frac{2 \sqrt{6}}{1} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{1}$

3. Multiply the 2 numerators and the 2 denominators

= 4

4. If possible, simplify the answer ε change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Dividing Fractions

- 1. Turn a whole number into a fraction by giving it a denominator of 1
- ex: $12 \div \frac{1}{2}$
- 2. Keep the 1st fraction the same, change the division symbol to multiplication, and flip the 2nd fraction to its reciprocal
- $\frac{12}{1} \div \frac{1}{2}$

3. Multiply the 2 fractions

- $\frac{12}{1} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{24}{1} = \boxed{24}$
- 4. If possible, simplify the answer \mathcal{E} change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Find each sum or difference. Show your work.

67. $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{5}{6}$	68. $\frac{q}{10} - \frac{1}{2}$	69. $\frac{3}{11} + \frac{2}{3}$	70. $\frac{11}{12} - \frac{13}{18}$
71. $4\frac{5}{9} + 7\frac{1}{3}$	72. 12 9 - 9 3 7	73. $3\frac{3}{5} + 2\frac{3}{4}$	74. $2\frac{2}{15} - 1\frac{2}{3}$

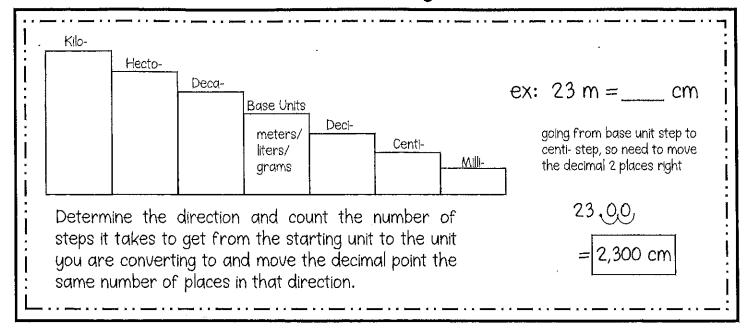
Find each product or quotient. Show your work.

76. $6 \div \frac{1}{3}$	77. $15 \times \frac{2}{3}$	78. $\frac{1}{2} \div 3$
		•
80. + 2	81. $\frac{5}{q} \times \frac{3}{20}$	82. 4 ÷ [5
		:
		80. $\frac{1}{4} \div 2$ 81. $\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{3}{20}$

Solve each problem, showing all work.

- 83. Jacqui ran I 1/2 miles on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday and 3/4 mile on Tuesday and Thursday. How far did she run in all?
- 84. Tyrell gave 3 packs of baseball cards to his friends. He gave each friend 1/3 of a pack. How many friends got baseball cards?

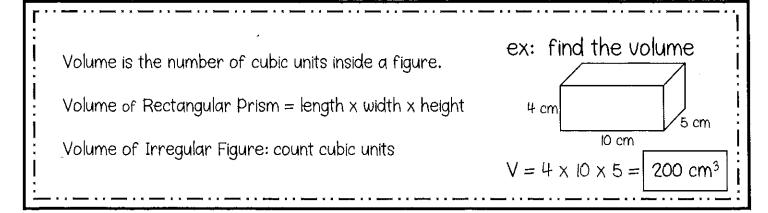
The Metric System



The Customary System

Length -	Weight	Capacity	ex: $18 c = pt$
1 ft = 12 in 1 yd = 3 ft 1 mi = 5,280 ft	1 lb = 16 oz 1 T = 2,000 lb ·	c = 8 f oz pt = 2 c qt = 2 pt gal = 4 qt	cups are smaller units of measure than pints, so need to divide
		nit to a smaller of maller unit to a lar	

Volume



Convert each Metric measurement. Show your work.

85. 1.9 km = ____ m

86. $23 g = ___ mg$

87. $350 \text{ ml} = ____ \text{kl}$

89. $6 \text{ cm} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{m}$

90. 35 ml = _____l

Convert each Customary measurement. Show your work.

91. 48 in = ____ ft

92. 6 pt = ____ c

93. 3T=____lb

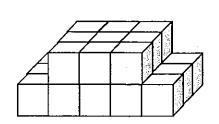
94. $1.5 \text{ mi} = ___ \text{ft}$

95. 32 pt = gal

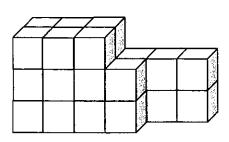
96. 32 oz = 16

Find the volume of each figure. Show your work.

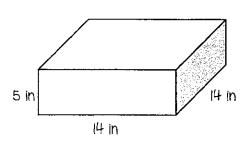
97.



98.



99.



100.

