

3rd Grade English Language Arts Common Core Georgia Performance Standards (ELACCGPS)

READING LITERARY (RL)	READING INFORMATIONAL (RI)
➤ Key Ideas and Details	➤ Key Ideas and Details
ELACC3RL1: Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	ELACC3RI1: Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
ELACC3RL2: Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.	ELACC3RI2: Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
ELACC3RL3: Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.	ELACC3RI3: Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.
➤ Craft and Structure	➤ Craft and Structure
ELACC3RL4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from non-literal language.	ELACC3RI4: Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.
ELACC3RL5: Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.	ELACC3RI5: Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic quickly and efficiently.
ELACC3RL6: Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.	ELACC3RI6: Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.
➤ Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	➤ Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
ELACC3RL7: Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).	ELACC3RI7: Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
ELACC3RL8: (Not applicable to literature)	ELACC3RI8: Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
ELACC3RL9: Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).	ELACC3RI9: Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.
➤ Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	➤ Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
ELACC3RL10: By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	ELACC3RI10: By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

READING FOUNDATIONAL (RF)	
➤ Print Concepts	
Kindergarten and 1 st grade only	
➤ Phonological Awareness	
Kindergarten and 1 st grade only	
➤ Phonics and Word Recognition	
ELACC3RF3: Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	
a. Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.	
b. Decode words with common Latin suffixes.	
c. Decode multi-syllable words.	
d. Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.	
➤ Fluency	
ELACC3RF4: Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.	
b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	
c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	

WRITING (W)	
➤ Text Types and Purposes	
ELACC3W1:	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.
a.	Introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
b.	Provide reasons that support the opinion.
c.	Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons.
d.	Provide a concluding statement or section.
ELACC3W2:	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
a.	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.
b.	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
c.	Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information.
d.	Provide a concluding statement or section.
ELACC3W3:	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
a.	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
b.	Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations.
c.	Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.
d.	Provide a sense of closure.
➤ Production and Distribution of Writing	
ELACC3W4:	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)
ELACC3W5:	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 3.)
ELACC3W6:	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
➤ Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
ELACC3W7:	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.
ELACC3W8:	Recall information from experience or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.
ELACC3W9:	<i>(Begins in grade 4)</i>
➤ Range of Writing	
ELACC3W10:	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

SPEAKING AND LISTENING (SL)	
➤ Comprehension and Collaboration	
ELACC3SL1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 3 topics and texts</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
a.	Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
b.	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
c.	Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.
d.	Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
ELACC3SL2: Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	
ELACC3SL3: Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.	
➤ Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
ELACC3SL4: Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.	
ELACC3SL5: Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.	
ELACC3SL6: Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 3 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)	

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LANGUAGE (L)	
➤ Conventions of Standard English	
ELACC3L1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	
a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.	
b. Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.	
c. Use abstract nouns (e.g., <i>childhood</i>).	
d. Form and use regular and irregular verbs.	
e. Form and use the simple (e.g., <i>I walked</i> ; <i>I walk</i> ; <i>I will walk</i>) verb tenses.	
f. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.*	
g. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.	
h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.	
i. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.	
j. Writes legibly in cursive.	
ELACC3L2: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles.	
b. Use commas in addresses.	
c. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.	
d. Form and use possessives.	
e. Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>).	
f. Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.	
g. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.	
➤ Knowledge of Language	
ELACC3L3: Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	
a. Choose words and phrases for effect.*	
b. Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.	
➤ Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	
ELACC3L4: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on <i>grade 3 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., <i>agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat</i>).	
c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>company, companion</i>).	
d. Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.	
ELACC3L5: With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.	
a. Distinguish the literal and non-literal meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., <i>take steps</i>).	
b. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are <i>friendly</i> or <i>helpful</i>).	
c. Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered</i>).	
ELACC3L6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain-specific vocabulary, including words and phrases that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., <i>After dinner that night we went looking for them</i>).	

Skills marked with an asterisk () are included on the Language Progressive Skills chart for CCGPS and are likely to require continued attention in higher grades as they are applied to increasingly sophisticated writing and speaking.

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LANGUAGE PROGRESSIVE SKILLS CHART GRADES K-12

The following skills were marked with an asterisk (*) and are included on the Language Progressive Skills chart for CCGPS because they will require continued attention in higher grades as they are applied to increasingly sophisticated writing and speaking. Instructors in ALL grades should refer to the Language Progressive Skills Chart for progressive standards that **should be added** to the Language Strand for their grade.

STANDARD	GRADES										
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9-10	11-12
ELACCKL5b. Relate frequently occurring words to their antonyms (also synonyms/homographs in progression).						Subsumed by ELACC5L5c					
ELACC1L2c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.						Subsumed by ELACC5L2a					
ELACC1L1i. Use frequently occurring prepositions.						Subsumed by ELACC4L1e					
ELACC1L1g. Use frequently occurring conjunctions. ELACC3L1h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. ELACC5L1e. Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., <i>either/or</i> , <i>neither/nor</i>).											
ELACC3L1a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. ELACC5L1a. Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.											
ELACC3L1f. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.											
ELACC3L3a. Choose words and phrases for effect.											
EKACC4L1e. Form and use prepositional phrases.											
ELACC4L1f. Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.											
ELACC4L1g. Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., <i>to/too/two</i> ; <i>there/their</i>).											
ELACC4L3a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.						Subsumed by ELACC7L3a					
ELACC4L3b. Choose punctuation for effect.											
ELACC5L1d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.											
ELACC5L2a. Use punctuation to separate items in a series (use of commas continues with added complexity throughout the standards).											
ELACC5L5c. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.											
ELACC6L1c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.											
ELACC6L1d. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).											
ELACC6L1e. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.											
ELACC6L3a. Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style (varying sentence patterns continues with added rigor throughout the standards).											
ELACC6L3b. Maintain consistency in style and tone.											
ELACC7L1c. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.											
ELACC7L3a. Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.											
ELACC8L1d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.											
ELACC9–10L1a. Use parallel structure.											
L11–12L3a. Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's Artful Sentences) for guidance as needed; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.											

* Darkened boxes indicate grades in which the standard should be taught.